Moscow Said to Shift To Limited-War View

By Stephen S. Rosenfeld Washington Post Foreign Service

thinking is apparently shifting commanders the choice of be-Central Europe. toward the position that nuclear weapons would not inevitably be used in a future war, qualified sources reported today.

This departure from the opposite view identified with Nikita Khrushchev, that the immediate or early use of nu- missile lead. clear arms had to be expected, was cited as the most meaningful change in Soviet former Premier fell.

United

"massive retaliation, with its;"advanced frontline strategy ginning their defense with At the same time Moscow conventional forces.

that Soviet strategists have ly shelved, for a belt of atomcoped with the strategic problic land mines along the East lems raised by new military German border. Such a belt technology in about the same would imply immediate nuway as Americans, but about clear war. five years later. This lag is said to reflect the American Shtemenko, a leading ground-

Delay Is Favorable

In the American view, any lead to a nuclear exchange. strategy in the year since the Soviet strategic turn that calls for delay and discretion in It is a welcome change to use of nuclear weapons is to clear war.

Some West European stratewould stop a foe from launch-clear war. ing an attack.

West Germany's supposed fought by the book.

threat of instant use of nu-which calls for the use of nu-MOSCOW, Nov. 23 — The clear weapons, to "selective clear arms from the very start weight of Soviet military response," offering American of any military conflict in

> explosively objected to a West Generally it has turned out German proposal, subsequent-

> > In February Gen. S. N. forces theorist, wrote in the press on the theme that hostilities would not automatically

Maneuver Held

Last month's maneuvers of States, which the good, since the interval al-the Warsaw Pact in East Germade a similar shift itself lows the chance for develop- many drew attention for their about five years ago-from ments that might head off nu-relatively late "play" of an enemy nuclear attack.

It is thought possible that gists and, until recently, the the nonnuclear example of bulk of Soviet strategists, Vietnam has influenced Soviet have held that only the threat thinking on whether convenof instant nuclear devastation tion would escalate into nu-

Men who are competent to One of the first clues to discuss these things note that draw Western attention came this new development has not last January in a communique been formally codified in Soof the Warsaw Pact, the Com-viet strategy and that wars munist "NATO." It protested have a tendency not to be